- 1 Claim 1 (original): A method of processing a frequency
- 2 division multiplexed signal representing a plurality of
- 3 symbols and including a plurality of tones, a first
- 4 subset of said plurality of tones being allocated to a
- 5 first user, the method comprising the steps of:
- 6 performing a time domain to frequency domain
- 7 transform operation on the frequency division multiplexed
- 8 signal to generate a frequency domain signal there from;
- 9 filtering the frequency domain signal to remove
- 10 tones in said plurality of tones which are not included
- 11 in said first subset of tones;
- 12 performing a frequency domain to time domain
- 13 transform operation on the filtered frequency domain
- 14 signal to generate a filtered time domain signal; and
- 15 recovering symbols transmitted to the first
- 16 user from the filtered time domain signal.
  - 1 Claim 2 (original): The method of claim 1, wherein
  - 2 recovering symbols includes:
  - 3 performing a channel equalization operation on
  - 4 the filtered time domain signal.
  - 1 Claim 3 (original): The method of claim 2, wherein
  - 2 recovering symbols further includes performing a channel
  - 3 estimation operation, said channel estimation operation
  - 4 including:
  - 5 identifying a training symbol in the filtered
  - 6 time domain signal; and

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generating at least one channel estimation as a 7 8 function of the difference between the identified training symbol and a known training symbol value. 9 Claim 4 (original): The method of claim 2, 1 wherein the frequency division multiplexed 2 3 signal corresponds to multiple symbol periods, the portion of the received signal corresponding to each 4 5 symbol period including at least one training symbol; and wherein recovering symbols further includes performing a channel estimation operation, said channel 7 8 estimation operation including, for each symbol period: 9 identifying a training symbol in the 10 filtered time domain signal; and generating at least one channel 11 estimation as a function of the difference 12 between the identified training symbol and a 13 known training symbol value. 14 Claim 5 (original): The method of claim 2, wherein the frequency division multiplexed signal corresponds to 2 3 multiple dwells, each dwell being a period of time equal to multiple symbol periods, the first user being 4 allocated the first subset of said plurality of tones for 6 use throughout one of said dwells, the method further 7 comprising: 8 performing a channel estimation operation

including, for each dwell:

10	identifying a training symbol in the
11	filtered time domain signal received during one
12	symbol period within the dwell; and
13	generating a channel estimation as a
14	function of the difference between the
15	identified training symbol and a known training
16	symbol value.
1	Claim 6 (original): The method of claim 5,
2	wherein performing a channel equalization
3	operation includes:
4	using a channel estimation generated
5	from a training symbol received during a dwell
6	to perform a channel equalization operation on
7	a portion of the filtered time domain signal
8	corresponding to a symbol period in said dwell
9	which does not include said identified training
10	symbol.
1	Claim 7 (original): The method of claim 5,
2	wherein all of a plurality of symbols received
3	during one of said symbol periods in each dwell include
4	training symbols;
5	wherein performing a channel estimation
6	operation for each dwell further includes:
7	generating a channel estimation for
8	each of the training symbols received during
9	said one of said symbol periods.

- 1 Claim 8 (original): The method of claim 7, wherein
- 2 performing a channel equalization operation includes:
- 3 using the channel estimations generated from
- 4 each of the received training symbols during said one of
- 5 said symbol periods in each dwell, to perform separate
- 6 channel equalization operations on each portion of the
- 7 filtered time domain signal corresponding to a symbol in
- 8 at least one other symbol period included in the same
- 9 dwell in which the training symbols used to generate the
- 10 channel estimations were received.
- 1 Claim 9 (original): The method of claim 8, the symbol
- 2 period in which all received symbols are training symbols
- 3 is located at the center of each dwell.
- 1 Claim 10 (original): The method of claim 2,
- wherein the frequency division multiplexed
- 3 signal is an orthogonal frequency division multiplexed
- 4 signal; and
- 5 wherein recovering symbols transmitted to the
- 6 first user includes:
- 7 mapping values of the filtered time
- 8 domain signal at instants in time used to
- 9 transmit symbol values to values in a set of
- 10 symbol values.
  - 1 Claim 11 (original): The method of claim 10, wherein
  - 2 recovering symbols transmitted to the first user further
  - 3 includes:

- 4 performing a symbol value to symbol value
- 5 mapping operation to map symbol values generated by
- 6 mapping values of the filtered time domain signal to
- 7 values in another set of symbol values.
- 1 Claim 12 (original): The method of claim 10,
- 2 wherein performing a time domain to frequency
- 3 domain transform operation includes performing one of a
- 4 Fast Fourier Transform operation and a Discrete Fourier
- 5 Transform operation; and
- 6 wherein performing a frequency domain to time
- 7 domain transform operation includes performing one of an
- 8 Inverse Fast Fourier Transform operation and an Inverse
- 9 Discrete Cosine Transform operation.
- 1 Claim 13 (original): The method of claim 12, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 receiving the frequency division multiplexed
- 4 signal from a communications channel including frequency
- 5 division multiplexed signals corresponding to users other
- 6 than the first user.
- 1 Claim 14 (original): An apparatus for processing a
- 2 frequency division multiplexed signal representing a
- 3 plurality of symbols and including a plurality tones, a
- 4 first subset of said plurality of tones being allocated
- 5 to a first user, the apparatus comprising:
- 6 a time to frequency domain transform module for
- 7 generating a frequency domain signal from the frequency
- 8 division multiplexed signal;

- a tone filter for filtering from the frequency
- 10 domain signal generated by the time domain to frequency
- 11 domain transform module tones other than those included
- 12 in the first subset to thereby generate a filtered
- 13 frequency domain signal;
- 14 a frequency to time domain transform module for
- 15 performing a frequency domain to time domain transform
- 16 operation on the filtered frequency domain signal to
- 17 thereby generate a time domain signal; and
- 18 a time instant to symbol mapping module coupled
- 19 to the frequency to time domain transform module for
- 20 mapping signal values at points in time to symbol values.
  - 1 Claim 15 (original): The apparatus of claim 14, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 a channel equalization module coupling said
- 4 frequency to time domain transform module to the time
- 5 instant to symbol mapping module, the channel
- 6 equalization module performing channel equalization
- 7 operations on said time domain signal.
- 1 Claim 16 (original): The apparatus of claim 15, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 a channel estimation circuit coupled to said
- 4 frequency to time domain transform module and to the
- 5 channel equalization module for generating at least one
- 6 channel estimate from the time domain signal and for
- 7 supplying the channel estimate to the channel
- 8 equalization module.

- 1 Claim 17 (original): The apparatus of claim 16, further
- 2 comprising;
- a symbol to symbol mapping module coupled to
- 4 the time instant to symbol mapping module.
- 1 Claim 18 (original): The apparatus of claim 16, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 a cyclic prefix discarding circuit coupled to
- 4 the time to frequency domain transform module for
- 5 discarding portions of the frequency division multiplexed
- 6 signal corresponding to cyclic prefixes.
- 1 Claim 19 (original): The apparatus of claim 14,
- 2 wherein the frequency division multiplexed
- 3 signal is an orthogonal frequency division multiplexed
- 4 signal;
- 5 wherein the time to frequency domain transform
- 6 module is a Fast Fourier Transform circuit; and
- 7 wherein the frequency to time domain transform
- 8 module is an inverse Fast Fourier Transform circuit.
- 1 Claim 20 (original): A method of processing a received
- 2 orthogonal frequency division multiplexed signal to
- 3 generate symbol values, the method comprising;
- 4 performing a channel equalization operation on
- 5 the received OFDM signal in the time domain; and
- 6 mapping values of the OFDM signal after channel
- 7 equalization at instants in time used to transmit symbol
- 8 values to symbol values.

- 1 Claim 21 (original): The method of claim 20, further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 filtering the OFDM signal in the frequency
- 4 domain to remove undesired signal tones prior to
- 5 performing said channel equalization operation on the
- 6 received signal in the time domain.
- 1 Claim 22 (original): An orthogonal frequency division
- 2 multiplexed (OFDM) signal receiver for receiving an OFDM
- 3 signal, the receiver comprising:
- 4 a time domain channel equalization module for
- 5 performing a channel equalization operation on the OFDM
- 6 signal in the time domain; and
- 7 a time instant to symbol mapping module for
- 8 mapping values of the OFDM signal after channel
- 9 equalization at instants in time used to transmit symbol
- 10 values to symbol values.
  - 1 Claim 23 (original): The receiver of claim 22, further
  - 2 comprising:
  - 3 a time to frequency domain signal transform
  - 4 circuit for converting the received OFDM signal to the
  - 5 frequency domain;
- a tone filter coupled to the time to frequency
- 7 domain signal transform circuit for performing a
- 8 filtering operation on the received OFDM signal in the
- 9 frequency domain; and
- 10 a frequency domain to time domain transform
- 11 circuit coupling the tone filter to the time domain

- 12 channel equalization module for converting the filtered
- 13 signal back into the time domain.
  - 1 Claim 24 (original): A communications system comprising:
  - 2 an orthogonal frequency division multiplexed
  - 3 signal transmitter including:
- 4 a symbol to time instant mapping module
- for mapping a plurality of symbols to be
- 6 transmitted to uniformly spaced points in time
- 7 within a time period corresponding to a symbol
- 8 duration; and
- 9 an orthogonal frequency division multiplexed
- 10 signal receiver including:
- 11 a time instant to symbol mapping module
- for mapping signal values at points in time
- 13 used to transmit symbols to symbol values.
  - 1 Claim 25 (original): The system of claim 24, wherein the
  - 2 receiver further includes:
  - 3 a time domain to frequency domain transform
  - 4 circuit for converting a received signal from the time
  - 5 domain to the frequency domain;
  - a tone filter coupled to the time domain to
  - 7 frequency domain transform circuit for filtering tones,
  - 8 outside a set of tones used by the receiver, from the
  - 9 received signal in the frequency domain; and
- 10 a frequency domain to time domain transform
- 11 circuit for coupling the tone filter to the time instant
- 12 to symbol mapping module.

- 1 Claim 26 (original): The system of claim 24, wherein the
- 2 receiver further includes a time domain channel
- 3 equalization circuit coupled between the frequency domain
- 4 to time domain transform circuit and the time instant to
- 5 symbol mapping circuit.
- 1 Claim 27 (previously presented): The method of claim 1,
- 2 wherein said step of recovering symbols transmitted to
- 3 the first user from the filtered time domain signal is
- 4 performed by performing a time domain signal to symbol
- 5 value mapping operation in the time domain.
- 1 Claim 28 (previously presented): The method of claim 27,
- 2 wherein performing the time domain signal to symbol value
- 3 mapping operation in the time domain includes generating
- 4 multiple symbol values for a portion of the filtered time
- 5 domain signal corresponding to a symbol transmission time
- 6 period, each symbol value being generated from a
- 7 different part of the filtered time domain signal.
- 1 Claim 29 (previously presented): The method of claim 28,
- 2 wherein the value of the filtered time domain signal at a
- 3 single instant in time is used to generate one symbol
- 4 value.
- 1 Claim 30 (previously presented): The method of claim 1,
- 2 wherein recovering multiple symbol values from the
- 3 filtered time domain signal includes recovering a
- 4 plurality of symbol values from a portion of said
- 5 filtered time domain signal corresponding to a single

- 6 OFDM symbol transmission time period, each symbol value
- 7 corresponding to a different point in time within the
- 8 single OFDM symbol transmission time period.
- 1 Claim 31 (previously presented): The method of claim 30,
- 2 where the different points in time within the symbol
- 3 transmission time period from which individual symbol
- 4 values are generated are uniformly spaced in time within
- 5 the single OFDM symbol transmission time period
- 1 Claim 32 (previously presented): The apparatus of claim
- 2 14, wherein said time instant to symbol mapping module is
- 3 a time domain signal processing module which maps each
- 4 one of multiple individual time instants within an OFDM
- 5 symbol time period to corresponding individual symbol
- 6 values according to a one to one relationship between
- · 7 time instants and symbol values.
  - 1 Claim 33 (previously presented): The method of claim 20,
  - 2. wherein said mapping of values of the OFDM signal after
  - 3 channel equalization involves performing said mapping of
  - 4 values in the time domain, said mapping including mapping
  - 5 of a plurality of individual instants in time within an
  - 6 OFDM symbol period to generate a corresponding plurality
  - 7 of symbol values, each of the plurality of symbol values
  - 8 corresponding to a single time instant.
  - 1 Claim 34 (previously presented): The receiver of claim
  - 2 22, wherein said time instant to symbol mapping module
  - 3 performs said mapping in the time domain, said mapping

- 4 including mapping of a plurality of individual instants
- 5 in time within an OFDM symbol period to generate a
- 6 corresponding plurality of symbol values, each of the
- 7 plurality of symbol values corresponding to a different
- 8 point in time.
- 1 Claim 35 (previously presented): The system of claim 24,
- 2 wherein said time instant to symbol mapping module maps
- 3 different points in time within a single OFDM symbol
- 4 transmission time period to determine individual symbol
- 5 values corresponding to individual ones of said different
- 6 points in time.
- 1 Claim 36 (previously presented): The method of claim 1,
- 2 wherein said plurality of tones includes another subset
- 3 of tones allocated to a another user, said another user
- 4 being different from said first user, said filtering of
- 5 the frequency domain signal removing tones in said
- 6 another subset of tones.
- 1 Claim 37 (previously presented): The method of claim 36,
- 2 wherein said frequency division multiplexed signal is an
- 3 OFDM signal, said first set of tones and said second set
- 4 of tones corresponding to said OFDM signal.